

**Galatians 3:15~** Brothers, I speak with a human illustration; A validated covenant, though it is a man's, no one sets aside or attaches additions to it.

- 1• Now Paul draws upon his extensive learning about the Law Covenant and its requirements. When men make any agreement together, even though it is just between two men, no one else comes along later, and makes attachments and changes to it. It is sealed forever.

**[Question]** What is true about most any sealed agreement between men?

- 2• In Jeremiah's day two deeds were written, identical ones, and then the second one was sealed and remained that way, so that no changes could ever be forced upon the first, by forgery, or through a change of mind.

**[Question]** How did the transfer of property take place in Jeremiah's day, to insure honesty over time?

- 3• For a **covenant** is valid over dead victims, since it is not in force at any time while the **human** covenanter is living. (**Hebrews 9:17**)

**[Question]** What is necessary to bind a covenant upon the two parties?

- 4• With that Abraham took sheep and cattle and gave them to Abimelech, and both of them proceeded to conclude a **covenant**. (**Genesis 21:27**)

**[Question]** What did Abraham give to Abimelech to bind his covenant toward him?

- 5• And now, come, let us conclude a **covenant**, I and you, and it must serve as a witness between me and you. (**Genesis 31:44**)

**[Question]** What covenant did Jacob enter into with Laban?

- 6• However, if our unrighteousness brings God's righteousness to the fore, what shall we say? God is not unjust when he vents his wrath, is he? I am speaking as a man does. (**Romans 3:5**)

**[Question]** Would it ever be righteous for men to criticize God, for venting his wrath against mankind?

- 7· For where there is a **covenant**, the death of the **human** covenanter needs to be furnished. (**Hebrews 9:16**)

**[Question]** What needs to be furnished to seal any covenant?