

Galatians 3:19~ Why, then, the Law? It was added to make transgressions manifest,¹ until the seed should arrive to whom the promise had been made, and it was transmitted through angels by the hand of a mediator.

Footnote: Or; added in favor of the transgressions

1· Paul now asks; Why then, did Yehowah give the Law Covenant at all? Paul shows, that it was added to make our transgressions manifest, until the seed should arrive, to whom this grand promise had been made.

[Question] What then, was the purpose of Yehowah God in giving the Law Covenant to the Jews?

2· It was then transmitted to Moses through angels and given to mankind by God's mediator Moses. Thus the Law Covenant made sin far more sinful, by magnifying mankind's failure to live by a strict code of conduct, one, based upon punishments for failure to comply. Something more and better was needed, and it was pointed to in the covenant of (**Genesis 17:1-14**).

[Question] How was the Law Covenant given and transmitted through?

[Question] What was its purpose?

[Question] Since no man could actually live perfectly under it, what was needed?

3· Therefore by works of Law no flesh will be declared righteous before him, for by Law is the accurate knowledge of sin. (**Romans 3:20**)

[Question] What comes through the Law only?

4· In reality the Law produces wrath, but where there is no Law, neither is there any transgression. (**Romans 4:15**)

[Question] What does the reality of the Law produce?

[Question] What though, would not exist in the minds of mankind, without it?

5· Wherefore, on its part, the Law is holy, and the commandment is holy and righteous and good. (**Romans 7:12**)

[Question] What then, is the Law itself?

- 6· For we know that the **Law** is spiritual, but I am fleshly, sold under sin. (**Romans 7:14**)

[Question] What is the basis of the Law Covenant, but what is a self-willed man in relation to it?

- 7· The next day he beheld Jesus coming toward him, and he said; See, the Lamb of God that takes away the sin of the world! (**John 1:29**)

[Question] What did John the Baptist call Jesus Christ?

- 8· For Christ is the end of the **Law**, so that everyone exercising faith may have righteousness. (**Romans 10:4**)

[Question] What is Jesus Christ respecting the Law Covenant?

[Question] After the Law Covenant ends, how only may men gain righteousness?

- 9· This is he that came to be among the congregation in the wilderness with the angel that spoke to him on Mount Sinai and with our forefathers, and he received living sacred pronouncements to give you. (**Acts of Apostles 7:38**)

[Question] What did Moses receive, through the angel at Mount Sinai?

- 10· You who received the **Law** as **transmitted** by **angels**, but have not kept it. (**Acts of Apostles 7:53**)

[Question] How did Stephen condemn the Jews, for what had they failed to keep?

- 11· For if the word spoken **through angels** proved to be firm, and every transgression and disobedient act received a retribution in harmony with justice. (**Hebrews 2:2**)

[Question] What was the case for disobedient ones under the Law Covenant?

- 12· And they began to say to Moses; You speak with us, and let us listen, but let not God speak with us for fear we may die. (**Exodus 20:19**)

[Question] What did the Israelites fear to do, when before Yehowah their God?

- 13• I was standing between Yehowah and you at that particular time, to tell you the word of Yehowah, for you were afraid because of the fire, and did not go up into the mountain, saying; (**Deuteronomy 5:5**)

[Question] What did the awesome display of his mighty power, put into their minds?

- 14• Because the **Law** was given **through** Moses, the undeserved kindness and the truth came to be **through** Jesus Christ. (**John 1:17**)

[Question] What came through Moses, and what comes through Jesus Christ?

- 15• So that is why he is a **mediator** of a New Covenant, in order, that, because a death has occurred for their release by ransom from the **transgressions** under the former covenant, the ones who have been called might receive the **promise** of the everlasting inheritance. (**Hebrews 9:15**)

[Question] What death occurred to free anointed Christians from the previous covenant, to what end?

- 16• So Moses took the blood and sprinkled it upon the people and said; Here is the blood of the covenant that Yehowah has concluded with you as respects all these words. (**Exodus 24:8**)

[Question] What blood sealed the earlier covenant between God and men, under Moses direction?

- 17• But if you continue showing favoritism, you are working a sin, for you are reproved by the Law as transgressors. (**James 2:9**)

[Question] What does the showing of favoritism make one?

- 18• And now why should we die, for this great fire may consume us? If we are again hearing the voice of Yehowah our God any further, we are also certain to die. (**Deuteronomy 5:25**)

[Question] How did the Israelites feel when hearing the awesome voice of Yehowah God there at Sinai?

- 19• And you stand here with me, and let me speak to you all

the commandment and the regulations and the judicial decisions that you should teach to them, and that they must do in the land that I am giving them to take possession of it. (**Deuteronomy 5:31**)

[Question] What things did Moses teach all the Israelites?

- 20· And he proceeded to say; Yehowah, from Sinai he came and he flashed forth from Seir upon them. He beamed forth from the mountainous region of Paran, and with him were holy myriads, at his right **hand** warriors belonging to them. (**Deuteronomy 33:2**)

[Question] What kind of an awesome demonstration, did the Israelites see there at Sinai?

- 21· Moses gave you the **Law**, did he not? But not one of you obeys the **Law**. Why are you seeking to kill me? (**John 7:19**)

[Question] Did any one of the Jews ever keep the Law Covenant perfectly?

- 22· Now the **Law** came in beside, in order, that trespassing might abound. But where sin abounded, undeserved kindness abounded still more. (**Romans 5:20**)

[Question] Why did Yehowah first give the Law Covenant, if he was later going to replace it with a better one?

[Question] How did the Law Covenant magnify his own undeserved kindness through Christ?

- 23· What, then, shall we say? Is the **Law** sin? Never may that become so! Really I would not have come to know sin if it had not been for the **Law**, and, for example, I would not have known covetousness, if the **Law** had not said; You must not covet. (**Romans 7:7**)

[Question] What did the Apostle Paul learn, through his coming to know the Law Covenant?

- 24· Knowing as we do that a man is declared righteous, not due to works of Law, but only **through** faith toward Christ Jesus, even we have put our faith in Christ Jesus, that we may be declared righteous due to faith toward Christ, and not due to works of Law, because due to works of Law, no

flesh will be declared righteous. (Galatians 2:16)

[Question] How is a man declared righteous before God?

[Question] Who then, must we put our faith in to be declared righteous before God?

- 25· In the knowledge of this fact, that Law is promulgated, not for a righteous man, but for persons lawless and unruly, ungodly and sinners, lacking loving-kindness, and profane, murderers of fathers and murderers of mothers, manslayers. (1 Timothy 1:9)**

[Question] Who in fact, is the Law made for?

- 26· If, then, perfection were really **through** the Levitical priesthood, for with it as a feature the people were given the **Law**, what further need would there be for another priest to arise, according to the manner of Melchizedek, and not said to be according to the manner of Aaron? (Hebrews 7:11)**

[Question] Would there be any further need for another priesthood, if perfection actually came through the Levitical priesthood?