~BAAL-MEON (87)

(Ba'al-me'on) [shortened form of Beth-baal-meon]

- A prominent town on the tableland of North Moab assigned to the tribe of Reuben along with Nebo, Kiriathaim, and other towns of the region.
- And the sons of Reuben built Heshbon and Elealeh and Kiriathaim. (Numbers 32:37)
- And Nebo and Baal-meon, their names being changed, and Sibmah, and they began to call by their own names the names of the cities that they built. (Numbers 32:38)
- And Bela the son of Azaz the son of Shema the son of Joel, he was dwelling in Aroer and as far as Nebo and Baal-meon. (1 Chronicles 5:8)
- The Reubenites, desiring the region for its good grazing land, evidently rebuilt and renamed the towns. In the earlier list at;
- Ataroth and Dibon and Jazer and Nimrah and Heshbon and Elealeh and Sebam and Nebo and Beon. (Numbers 32:3)
- The land that Yehowah defeated before the assembly of Israel, is a land for livestock, and your servants have livestock. (Numbers 32:4)
- Baal-meon may be represented by the name Beon. Joshua thereafter refers to it as Beth-baal-meon, likely the full name of the place.
- Heshbon and all its towns that are on the tableland, Dibon and Bamoth-baal and Beth-baal-meon. (Joshua 13:17)
- Baal-meon seems to have been retaken by the Moabites during the reign of King Mesha of Moab, evidently in the latter part of the Tenth Century B.C.E. The Moabite Stone inscription (line 9) states that Mesha built or perhaps, fortified, Baal-meon, making a reservoir in it, and on line 30 he refers to it by the fuller name Beth-baal-meon. Additionally, on a piece of inscribed pottery found in Samaria, Ostraca 27 of Samaria, mention is made of a certain Baala the Baal-meonite.

- In the Seventh Century B.C.E. the prophet Jeremiah issued a divine warning to Moab foretelling the despoiling of the land by Babylon, specifically mentioning certain towns, including Beth-meon.
- Moab has been put to shame, for she has been struck with terror.
 Howl and cry out. Tell in Arnon, O men, that Moab has been despoiled. (Jeremiah 48:20)
- And judgment itself has come to the land of level country, to Holon and to Jahaz and against Mephaath. (Jeremiah 48:21)
- And against Dibon and against Nebo and against Bethdiblathaim. (Jeremiah 48:22)
- And against Kiriathaim and against Beth-gamul and against Beth-meon (Jeremiah 48:23)
- Ezekiel includes **Baal-meon** as one of the Moabite sites to be possessed by the Orientals, or, sons of the East.
- Therefore here I am opening the slope of Moab at the cities, at his cities to his frontier, the decoration of the land, Beth-jeshimoth, Baal-meon, even to Kiriathaim. (Ezekiel 25:9)
- To the Orientals, alongside the sons of Ammon, and I will make it something to possess, in order, that it may not be remembered, that is, the sons of Ammon, among the nations. (Ezekiel 25:10)
- Secular history and archaeological investigation confirm the fulfillment of these prophecies.

See Also MOAB
See Also MOABITES 2

Baal-meon is identified with the ruins of Ma`in, forming a mound of considerable size about 6 kilometers (3.5 miles) West-Southwest of Medeba and 12 kilometers (7 miles) East of the Dead Sea. The plateau on which Ma`in lies is about 800 meters (2,600 feet) in elevation.