~BLEMISH (182)

[Hebrew, mum, defect, Greek, mo'mos, blemish]

- A physical or moral defect, imperfection, unsoundness, anything bad.
- You must not sacrifice to Yehowah your God a bull or a sheep in which there proves to be a defect, anything bad, because it is a thing detestable to Yehowah your God. (Deuteronomy 17:1)
- The Hebrew word for a physical or moral defect is *mum*.
- Speak to Aaron, saying; No man of your seed throughout their generations in whom there proves to be a defect may come near to present the bread of his God. (Leviticus 21:17)
- If my stepping deviates from the way, or my heart has walked merely after my eyes, or any defect has stuck in my own palms. (Job 31:7)
- The Greek *mo'mos* means blemish, while the related *a'mo-mos* means without blemish.
- Wronging themselves as a reward for wrongdoing. They consider luxurious living in the daytime a pleasure. They are spots and blemishes, indulging with unrestrained delight in their deceptive teachings while feasting together with you. (2 Peter 2:13)
- Just as he chose us in union with him before the founding of the world, that we should be holy and without blemish before him in love. (Ephesians 1:4)
- Both are related to the root *mo-ma'o-mai*, meaning find fault with.
- In no way are we giving any cause for stumbling, that our ministry might not be found fault with. (2 Corinthians 6:3)
- Thus we are avoiding having any man find fault with us in connection with this liberal contribution to be administered by us. (2 Corinthians 8:20)

- In contrast with Yehowah, who is perfect in his activity, without blemish, spotless, are his works. Of Israel God said; They have acted ruinously on their own part, they are not his children, the defect is their own.
- The Rock, perfect is his activity, for all his ways are justice. A God of faithfulness, with whom there is no injustice. Righteous and upright is he. (Deuteronomy 32:4)
- They have acted ruinously on their own part. They are not his children, the defect is their own. A generation crooked and twisted! (Deuteronomy 32:5)
- A Levitical priest ministering before the God of perfection, therefore, had to be free from such physical blemishes as blindness, lameness, a slit nose, abnormalities such as an elongated hand, a hunched back, fractured hand, consumptive thinness, eye or skin diseases, a broken hand or foot, and broken or crushed testicles.
- In case there is any man in whom there is a defect, he may not come near, a man blind or lame or with his nose slit or with one member too long. (Leviticus 21:18)
- Or a man in whom there proves to be a fracture of the foot or a fracture of the hand. (Leviticus 21:19)
- Or hunchback or thin or diseased in his eyes or scabby or having ringworms or having his testicles broken. (Leviticus 21:20)
- Free from such defects, Israel's High Priest well represented the Great High Priest Jesus Christ, who is guileless, undefiled.
- For such a High Priest as this was suitable for us, loyal, guileless, undefiled, separated from the sinners, and become higher than the heavens. (Hebrews 7:26)
- Soundness, freedom from blemish, was required of the sacrificial animals under the Mosaic Law.
- The sheep should prove to be sound, a male, a year old, for you. You may pick from the young rams or from the goats. (Exodus 12:5)
- If the priest, the anointed one, sins so as to bring guiltiness upon

the people, then he must present for his sin that he has committed a sound young bull to Yehowah as a sin offering. (Leviticus 4:3)

- Or his sin that he has committed has been made known to him, then he must bring as his offering a female kid of the goats, a sound one, for his sin that he has committed. (Leviticus 4:28)
- And in case there should prove to be in it a defect, being lame or blind, any bad defect, you must not sacrifice it to Yehowah your God. (Deuteronomy 15:21)
- The same was also true of the sacrifices in connection with the pictorial temple envisioned by Ezekiel.
- And on the second day you will bring near a buck of the goats, a sound one, as a sin offering, and they must purify the altar from sin the same as they purified it from sin with the young bull. (Ezekiel 43:22)
- On your making an end of the purifying from sin you will bring near a young bull, the son of the herd, a sound one, and a ram from the flock, a sound one. (Ezekiel 43:23)
- In like manner, Christ, an unblemished and spotless lamb, offered himself without blemish to God.
- But it was with precious blood, like that of an unblemished and spotless lamb, even Christ's. (1 Peter 1:19)
- How much more will the blood of the Christ, who through an everlasting spirit offered himself without blemish to God, cleanse our consciences from dead works that we may render sacred service to the living God? (Hebrews 9:14)
- · Among persons whose physical appearance is described as having no defect were Absalom, the Shulammite girl, and certain sons of Israel in Babylon.
- Now compared with Absalom there proved to be no man so beautiful in all Israel as to be praised so much. From the sole of his foot to the crown of his head there proved to be no defect in him. (2 Samuel 14:25)

- You are altogether beautiful, O girl companion of mine, and there is no defect in you. (Song of Solomon 4:7)
- Children in whom there was no defect at all, but good in appearance and having insight into all wisdom and being acquainted with knowledge, and having discernment of what is known, in whom also there was ability to stand in the palace of the king, and to teach them the writing and the tongue of the Chaldeans. (Daniel 1:4)
- Everyone under the Law was encouraged to watch out for and protect one another, lest they become blemished in any way. In case a man should cause a defect in his associate, then just as he has done, so it should be done to him. Fracture for fracture, eye for eye, tooth for tooth, the same sort of defect he may cause in the man, that is what should be caused in him.
- And in case a man should cause a defect in his associate, then just as he has done, so it should be done to him. (Leviticus 24:19)
- Fracture for fracture, eye for eye, tooth for tooth, the same sort of defect he may cause in the man, that is what should be caused in him. (Leviticus 24:20)
- The apostle expressed concern over keeping the Christian congregation free from blemishes in a spiritual sense.
- Just as he chose us in union with him before the founding of the world, that we should be holy and without blemish before him in love. (Ephesians 1:4)
- That he might present the congregation to himself in its splendor, not having a spot or a wrinkle or any of such things, but that it should be holy and without blemish. (Ephesians 5:27)
- He now has again reconciled by means of that one's fleshly body through his death, in order to present you holy and unblemished and open to no accusation before him. (Colossians 1:22)
- Now to the one who is able to guard you from stumbling and to set you unblemished in the sight of his glory with great joy. (Jude 1:24)