~DIBLAH (60) (Dib'lah)

- A site mentioned at;
- And I will stretch out my hand against them and make the land a desolate waste, even a desolation worse than the wilderness toward Diblah, in all their dwelling places. And they will have to know that I am Yehowah. (Ezekiel 6:14)
- When recording Yehowah's prophecy of the desolation to come upon the land of Israel as recompense for its idolatrous worship.
- Any ancient location by this name is unknown, and most modern scholars, therefore, hold that Diblah is a copyists error for Riblah, the initial Hebrew letter for R being easily mistaken for the Hebrew letter for D. If this is the case, it may be identified with the Biblical Riblah whose ruins are near to modern Ribleh, at the Orontes River, in the land of Hamath.
- And Pharaoh Nechoh got to put him in bonds at Riblah in the land of Hamath, to keep him from reigning in Jerusalem, and then imposed a fine upon the land of a hundred silver talents and a gold talent. (2 Kings 23:33)
- And the wilderness toward Diblah, Riblah, could have reference to the gravelly unbroken plain of the Syrian Desert that lies to the South and Southeast of Riblah. Some translators, however, render Ezekiel's words to read from the wilderness to Riblah. RS
- · According to such rendering, the meaning might be that Yehowah's judgment would extend from the wilderness, the Promised Lands traditional southern boundary.
- And I will fix your boundary from the Red Sea to the sea of the Philistines and from the wilderness to the River, because I shall give into your hand the inhabitants of the land, and you will certainly drive them out from before yourself. (Exodus 23:31)
- To the region of Hamath, represented by Riblah, far to the north.
- And Solomon proceeded to carry on at that time the festival, and

all Israel with him, a great congregation from the entering in of Hamath down to the torrent valley of Egypt, before Yehowah our God seven days and another seven days, fourteen days. (1 Kings 8:65)

- Ezekiel's use of such a phrase would then be the equivalent of the better known from Dan down to Beer-sheba.
- Consequently all the sons of Israel went out and the assembly congregated themselves as one man, from Dan down to Beersheba along with the land of Gilead, to Yehowah at Mizpah. (Judges 20:1)

See Also RIBLAH 2