~GESHEM (69)

(Ge'shem) [possibly, Downpour, Pouring Rain]

- An Arabian, who, along with Sanballat and Tobiah, opposed Nehemiah in the rebuilding of Jerusalem's wall. These enemies first derided Nehemiah and his coworkers.
- Now when Sanballat the Horonite and Tobiah the servant, the Ammonite, and Geshem the Arabian heard of it, they began to deride us and look on us despisingly and say; What is this thing that you are doing? Is it against the king that you are rebelling? (Nehemiah 2:19)
- Then they conspired and plotted against Nehemiah, to no avail.
- Now it came about that, as soon as it was told to Sanballat and Tobiah and to Geshem the Arabian and to the rest of our enemies that I had rebuilt the wall and there had not been left in it a gap, although up to that time the doors themselves I had not set up in the gates. (Nehemiah 6:1)
- Sanballat and Geshem immediately sent to me, saying; Do come, and let us meet together by appointment in the villages of the valley plain of Ono. But they were scheming to do me harm. (Nehemiah 6:2)
- So I sent messengers to them, saying; It is a great work that I am doing, and I am not able to go down. Why should the work cease while I take off from it and have to go down to you? (Nehemiah 6:3)
- However, they sent me the same word four times, and I kept replying to them with the same word. (Nehemiah 6:4)
- Finally, Sanballat sent a letter to Nehemiah, quoting Geshem's accusation that Nehemiah and the Jews were scheming to rebel and that Nehemiah was becoming a king to them. In this, too, these enemies failed.
- Finally Sanballat sent his attendant to me with the same word a fifth time, with an open letter in his hand. (Nehemiah 6:5)

- There was written in it. Among the nations it has been heard, and Geshem is saying it, that you and the Jews are scheming to rebel. That is why you are building the wall, and you are becoming a king to them, according to these words. (Nehemiah 6:6)
- And there are even prophets that you have appointed to call out concerning you throughout Jerusalem, saying; There is a king in Judah! And now things like these will be told to the king. So now do come, and let us consult together. (Nehemiah 6:7)
- Sanballat's quoting of Geshem in the letter seems to indicate that he was a man of influence. It may be noted that relations between the Persian court and the Arab tribes were reportedly good following Persia's invasion of Egypt.
- A dialect form of Geshem, the name Gashm, is mentioned in an inscription found in ancient Dedan, in the northern part of Arabia.
- The name Geshem appears in an Aramaic inscription on a silver bowl found in Egypt. The text reads: That-which Qainu bar Gesem Geshem, king of Qedar, brought-in-offering to the goddess han 'Ilat. [Journal of Near Eastern Studies, 1956, Vol. XV, p. 2]