

~GIBBAR (70)

(Gib'bar) [Superior, Mighty, Overwhelming]

- Possibly the name of a family head, 95 of whose sons, descendants, returned with Zerubbabel from Babylonian exile in 537 B.C.E.
- And these were the sons of the jurisdictional district that went up out of the captivity of the exiled people whom Nebuchadnezzar the king of Babylon had taken into exile at Babylon and who later returned to Jerusalem and Judah, each one to his own city. (Ezra 2:1)
- Those who came with Zerubbabel, Jeshua, Nehemiah, Seraiah, Reelaiah, Mordecai, Bilshan, Mispar, Bigvai, Rehum, Baanah. The number of the men of the people of Israel. (Ezra 2:2)
- The sons of Gibbar, ninety-five. (Ezra 2:20)
- However, in the parallel passage.
- The sons of Gibeon, ninety-five. (Nehemiah 7:25)
- Gibeon is listed instead of Gibbar. Hence, the sons of Gibbar or Gibeon, ninety-five, may have reference to the descendants of the former inhabitants of Gibeon, inasmuch as other place-names appear in;
- The sons of Bethlehem, a hundred and twenty-three. (Ezra 2:21)
- The men of Netophah, fifty-six. (Ezra 2:22)
- The men of Anathoth, a hundred and twenty-eight. (Ezra 2:23)
- The sons of Azmaveth, forty-two. (Ezra 2:24)
- The sons of Kiriath-jearim, Chephirah and Beeroth, seven hundred and forty-three. (Ezra 2:25)
- The sons of Ramah and Geba, six hundred and twenty-one. (Ezra 2:26)

- The men of Michmas, a hundred and twenty-two. ([Ezra 2:27](#))
- The men of Bethel and Ai, two hundred and twenty-three. ([Ezra 2:28](#))
- The sons of Nebo, fifty-two. ([Ezra 2:29](#))
- The sons of Magbish, a hundred and fifty-six. ([Ezra 2:30](#))
- The sons of the other Elam, a thousand two hundred and fifty-four. ([Ezra 2:31](#))
- The sons of Harim, three hundred and twenty. ([Ezra 2:32](#))
- The sons of Lod, Hadid and Ono, seven hundred and twenty-five. ([Ezra 2:33](#))
- The sons of Jericho, three hundred and forty-five. ([Ezra 2:34](#))
- For example, the sons of Bethlehem.