

~GLEDE (44)

[Hebrew, *dai-yah'*]

- The Hebrew name for this bird *dai-yah'* occurs in the list of unclean birds at;
- And the red kite and the black kite and the **glede** according to its kind. (**Deuteronomy 14:13**)
- But does not appear in the corresponding list at,
- And the red kite and the black kite according to its kind. (**Leviticus 11:14**)
- Four Hebrew manuscripts, and also the Samaritan Pentateuch and the Greek Septuagint, omit *dai-yah'* at;
- And the red kite and the black kite and the **glede** according to its kind. (**Deuteronomy 14:13**)
- Some scholars believe that it may be a scribal correction originally placed in the margin but which eventually was introduced into the text itself. However, the plural form *dai-yohth'* appears at;
- There the arrow snake has made its nest and lays eggs, and it must hatch them and gather them together under its shadow. Yes, there the **gledes** must collect themselves together, each one with her mate. (**Isaiah 34:15**)
- As describing birds gathered at the ruins of Edom following its desolation.
- The identification of this bird is uncertain. It is suggested that the Hebrew name is derived from the verb meaning pounce or come darting. **Glede** is a suitable translation, since it is a term variously applied to any of several birds of prey, though especially to the red kite *Milvus milvus*.
- Most modern scholars relate the Hebrew *dai-yah'* to the kite, there being more than one variety of this bird found in Palestine.

See Also KITE

