

~HAZAR-ENAN (51)

(Ha'zar-e'nan)[Hazar-enon, Ha'zar-e'non, Courtyard or Settlement of the Fountain or Spring]

- **A site on the northern boundary of the land of Canaan.**
- **Command the sons of Israel, and you must say to them, you are going into the land of Canaan. This is the land that will fall to you by inheritance, the land of Canaan according to its boundaries. (Numbers 34:2)**
- **Now this will become your north boundary. From the Great Sea you will mark out to Mount Hor as a boundary for yourselves. (Numbers 34:7)**
- **From Mount Hor you will mark out the boundary to the entering in of Hamath, and the termination of the boundary must prove to be at Zedad. (Numbers 34:8)**
- **And the boundary must go out to Ziphron, and its termination must prove to be **Hazar-enan**. This will become your north boundary. (Numbers 34:9)**
- **Then you must mark for yourselves as your boundary on the east from **Hazar-enan** to Shepham. (Numbers 34:10)**
- **Ezekiel referred to **Hazar-enon**, **Hazar-enan**, along with Damascus and Hamath, in his forevision of the territory of Israel.**
- **This is what the Sovereign Lord Yehowah has said; This is the territory that you will assign to yourselves for inheritance as the land for the twelve tribes of Israel, with two pieces of field to Joseph. (Ezekiel 47:13)**
- **And the boundary from the sea must prove to be Hazar-enon, the boundary of Damascus and north, northward, and the boundary of Hamath. This is the northern side. (Ezekiel 47:17)**
- **And these are the names of the tribes. From the northern extremity, on the side by the way of Hethlon to the entering in to Hamath, **Hazar-enan**, the boundary of Damascus northward, on the side of Hamath, and it must prove to have an eastern border**

and the western, Dan one portion. (**Ezekiel 48:1**)

- **A positive identification of the site cannot be made at this time. However, most scholars tentatively locate it at **Qaryatein**, about 120 kilometers (75 miles) Northeast of Damascus on the road to Palmyra.**