~JARMUTH 1 (74)

(Jar'muth) [from a root meaning be high or exalted]

- One of five Amorite cities involved in the attempted punitive expedition against the Gibeonites. Its king, Piram, and his allies were defeated by Joshua. Thereafter this city of the Shephelah was assigned to Judah.
- Consequently Adoni-zedek the king of Jerusalem sent to Hoham the king of Hebron and to Piram the king of Jarmuth and to Japhia the king of Lachish and to Debir the king of Eglon, saying; (Joshua 10:3)
- Come up to me and help me and let us strike Gibeon, because it has made peace with Joshua and the sons of Israel. (Joshua 10:4)
- At this they gathered together and went on up, five kings of the Amorites, the king of Jerusalem, the king of Hebron, the king of Jarmuth, the king of Lachish, the king of Eglon, these and all their camps, and they proceeded to camp against Gibeon and to war against it. (Joshua 10:5)
- At that they did so and brought out to him from the cave these five kings, the king of Jerusalem, the king of Hebron, the king of Jarmuth, the king of Lachish, the king of Eglon. (Joshua 10:23)
- And it came about that as soon as they had brought out these kings to Joshua, Joshua proceeded to call all the men of Israel and to say to the commanders of the men of war that had gone with him; Come forward. Place your feet on the back of the necks of these kings. So they came forward and placed their feet on the back of their necks. (Joshua 10:24)
- And Joshua went on to say to them; Do not be afraid or be terrified. Be courageous and strong, for it is like this that Yehowah will do to all your enemies against whom you are warring. (Joshua 10:25)
- And these are the kings of the land whom Joshua and the sons of Israel defeated on the side of the Jordan toward the west, from Baal-gad in the valley plain of Lebanon and as far as Mount

- Halak, which goes up to Seir, after which Joshua gave it to the tribes of Israel as a holding by their shares. (Joshua 12:7)
- The king of Jarmuth, one. The king of Lachish, one. (Joshua 12:11)
- This was the inheritance of the tribe of the sons of Judah by their families. (Joshua 15:20)
- In the Shephelah there were Eshtaol and Zorah and Ashnah. (Joshua 15:33)
- Jarmuth and Adullam, Socoh and Azekah. (Joshua 15:35)
- After the Babylonian exile Judeans again resided at Jarmuth.
- And as regards the settlements in their fields, there were some of the sons of Judah that dwelt in Kiriath-arba and its dependent towns and in Dibon and its dependent towns and in Jekabzeel and its settlements. (Nehemiah 11:25)
- And in En-rimmon and in Zorah and in Jarmuth. (Nehemiah 11:29)
- Khirbet Yarmuk, Tel Yarmut, some 26 kilometers (16 miles)
 West-Southwest of Jerusalem, seems to be the ancient site. Situated
 on a hilltop, it overlooks the coastal plains as far as Gaza by the
 Mediterranean Sea.