

~JOKNEAM (44)
(Jok'ne-am)

- **A city in Carmel conquered by Joshua.**
- **And these are the kings of the land whom Joshua and the sons of Israel defeated on the side of the Jordan toward the west, from Baal-gad in the valley plain of Lebanon and as far as Mount Halak, which goes up to Seir, after which Joshua gave it to the tribes of Israel as a holding by their shares. (Joshua 12:7)**
- **The king of Kedesh, one. The king of Jokneam in Carmel, one. (Joshua 12:22)**
- **Originally assigned to the tribe of Zebulun.**
- **Next the third lot came up for the sons of Zebulun by their families, and the boundary of their inheritance came to be as far as Sarid. (Joshua 19:10)**
- **And their boundary went up westward also to Mareal and reached to Dabbesheth and reached to the torrent valley that is in front of Jokneam. (Joshua 19:11)**
- **Jokneam subsequently was given to the Merarite Levites.**
- **And the families of the sons of Merari, the Levites who were left over, had out of the tribe of Zebulun Jokneam and its pasture ground, Kartah and its pasture ground. (Joshua 21:34)**
- **Today it is usually identified with Tell Qeimun, Tel Yoqne`am, on a mound at the foot of Mount Carmel about 11 kilometers (7 miles) Northwest of Megiddo and overlooking the Valley of Jezreel. At;**
- **Baana the son of Ahilud, in Taanach and Megiddo and all Beth-shean, which is beside Zarethan below Jezreel, from Beth-shean to Abel-meholah to the region of Jokmeam. (1 Kings 4:12)**
- **Jokmeam may possibly be a spelling error for Jokneam.**