

~WAX (47)

- Biblical references to wax are apparently to beeswax, a dark-yellow substance that bees use in forming walls of honeycomb cells where they deposit honey or larvae.
- Wax is produced by worker bees, which, after consuming large amounts of honey, manufacture wax in special glands in their abdomens. The wax is excreted through tiny pores and forms as small white flakes on the exterior of the abdomen.
- The flakes of wax are then transferred to the bees mouth, where they are chewed prior to construction use. The bee has control over the production of wax and makes it only when a supply is needed.

See Also BEE

- The **wax** is easily separated from the honey by melting it in warm water. This causes the **wax** to rise to the surface, where it can be skimmed off. The melting of **wax** is used in poetic Scriptural illustrations to express a distressed condition of the heart.
- Like water I have been poured out, and all my bones have been separated from one another. My heart has become like **wax**, it has melted deep in my inward parts. ([Psalms 22:14](#))
- The dissolution of mountains and of plains.
- The mountains themselves proceeded to melt just like **wax** on account of Yehowah, on account of the Lord of the whole earth. ([Psalms 97:5](#))
- And the mountains must melt under him, and the low plains themselves will split apart, like **wax** because of the fire, like waters being poured down a steep place. ([Micah 1:4](#))
- And the destruction of God's enemies, the psalmist exclaimed:
- Let God arise, let his enemies be scattered, and let those who intensely hate him flee because of him. ([Psalms 68:1](#))
- As smoke is driven away, may you drive them away, as **wax**

melts because of the fire, let the wicked ones perish from before
God. (**Psalms 68:2**)